



Internally Cooled and Lightweight Radial Turbine Wheels for Gas Turbines

IGTC Conference

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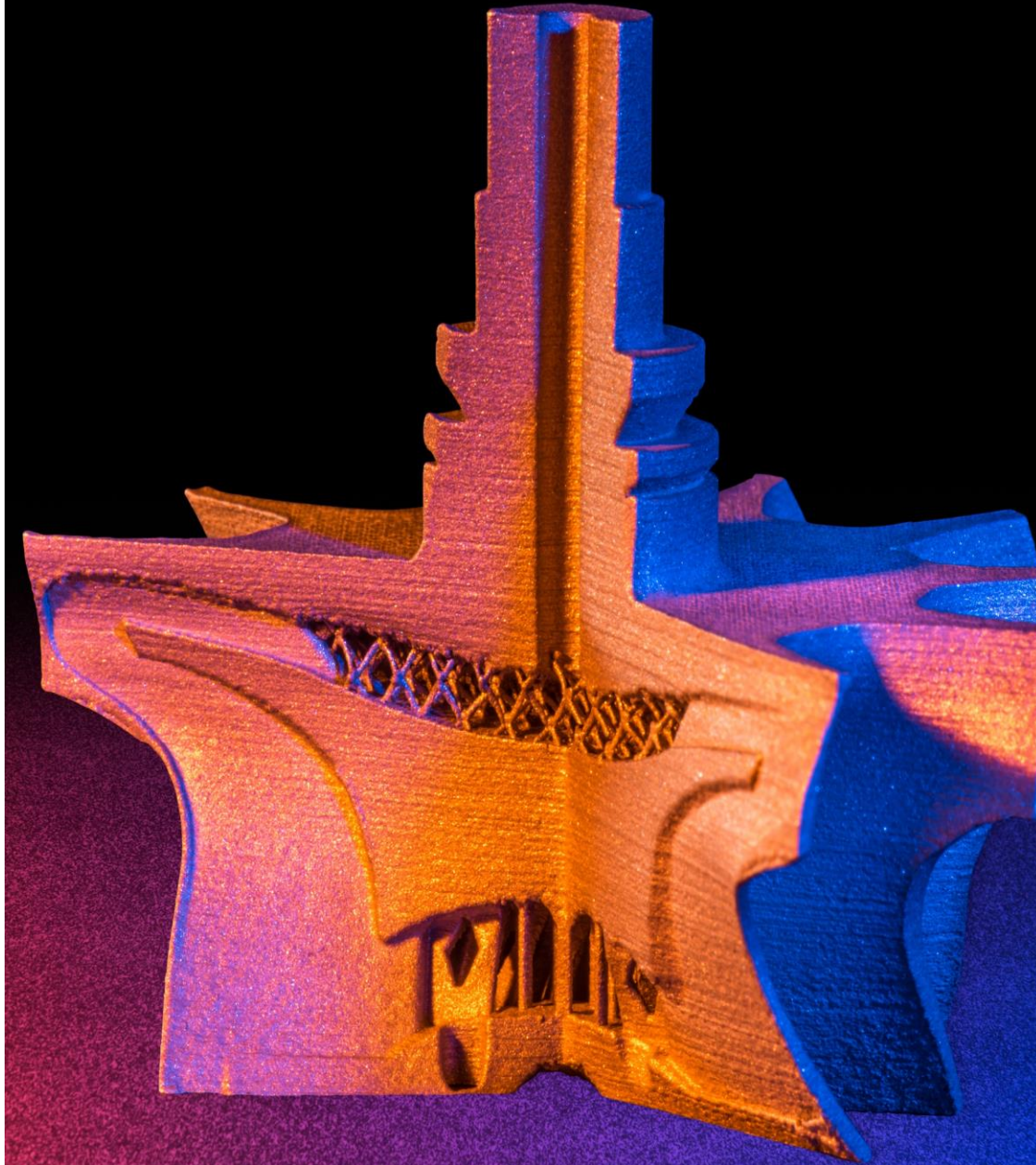
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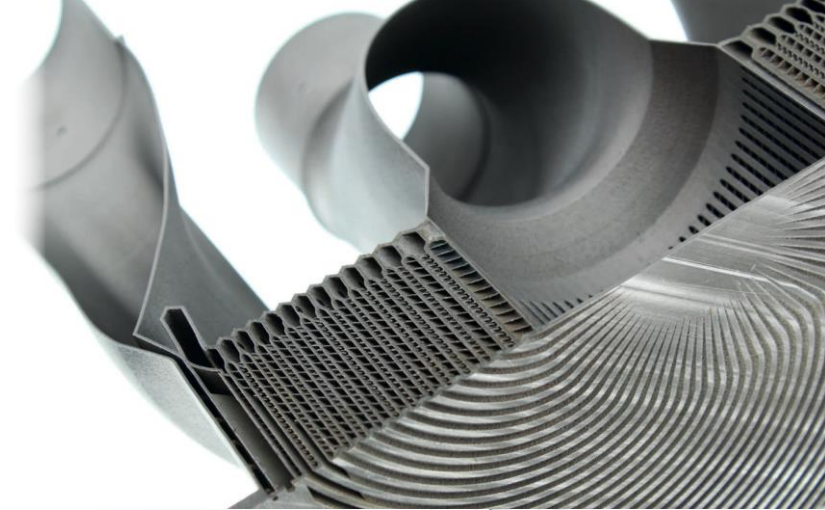
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- ① Introduction to HiETA
- ① Cooled Turbomachinery Study
 - ① Objectives
 - ① Analysis & Design
 - ① Material Development
 - ① Prototype Manufacture & Test
 - ① Results
- ① Next steps
- ① Summary & Questions



Company Profile

- Specialists in **thermal management** and **lightweighting** solutions enabled by Additive Manufacturing (AM)
- Established 7 years with approximately 55 staff, covering whole AM value chain
 - Design & Analysis
 - Applications, Data, Parameters and Materials
 - Manufacturing, Quality & Industrialisation
 - Test & Validation
- Running 11 Powder Bed AM Machines



HiETA Product Portfolio

COMPONENTS

Low temp heat exchanger



Water cooled charge air coolers

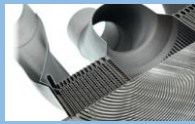


Oil Coolers



Phase change fuel cell coolers

High temp heat exchanger



Annular recuperators



Cuboid recuperators



Phase change HXs

Turbo machinery



Cooled turbine wheels



Nozzle Guide Vanes



Shrouded compressors

Fuel & combustion



Fuel injectors



Porous injectors & filters

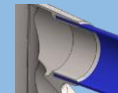


Legacy & Low Volume combustors

Multi-functional & Lightweight



Combined structural & cooling



Penetrating & double lap joining



Hybrid truss & mass customisation

SYSTEMS

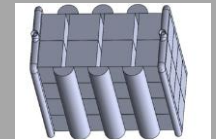
High efficiency integrated micro gas turbine



Inverted Brayton Cycle waste heat recovery



Modular heat exchanger



Design Engineering Services

1D Analysis
CFD, FEA & Topology Optimisation
Conceptual & detailed design

Additive Manufacturing Services

Renishaw AM250, AM500M & AM500Q machines
AlSi10Mg, Ti6Al4V, SS316L
In625, In718, CM247LC

Testing Services

Heat transfer surface characterisation
Low temperature heat exchangers
Phase change heat exchangers
NDI/NDT services

SERVICES

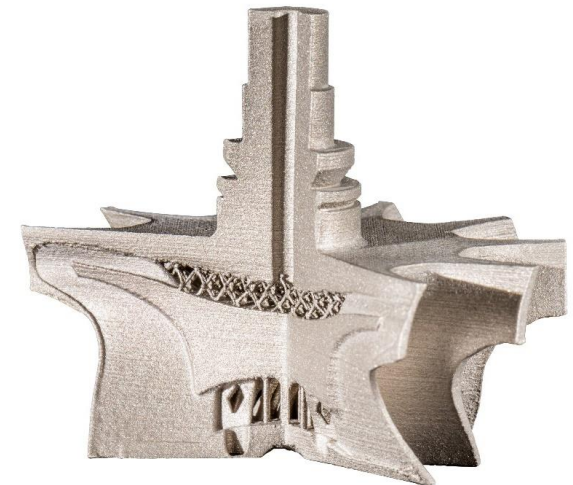
Cooled Turbomachinery Project



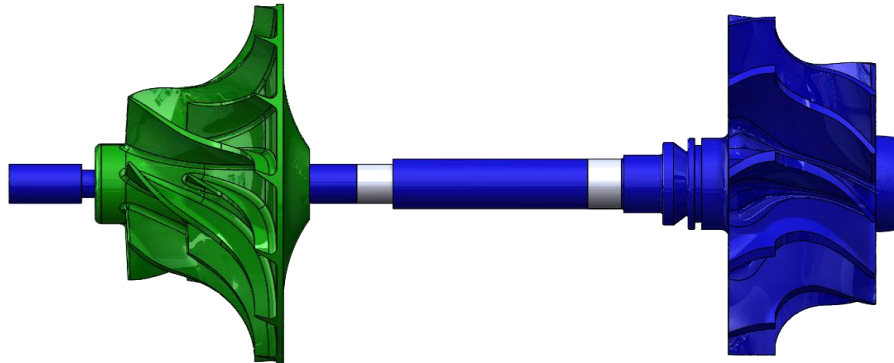
Turbomachinery
Research
Centre



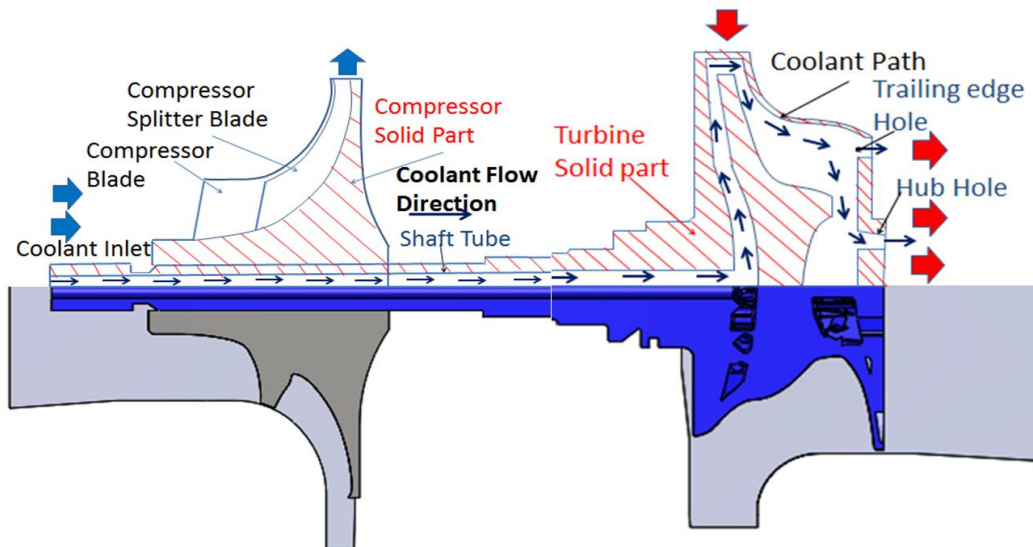
- 18m collaborative project with University of Bath
- Objective: prove technical feasibility of using Additive Manufacturing to create lightweight & internally cooled turbine wheel with:
 - Operating temperatures of 1050C+ TIT
 - 50% reduction in inertia
- Approach:
 - Utilise existing turbocharger – redesign
 - Development of high temperature material
 - Prove with physical test vs baseline solid wheel
 - Use test data to validate CFD



Overview

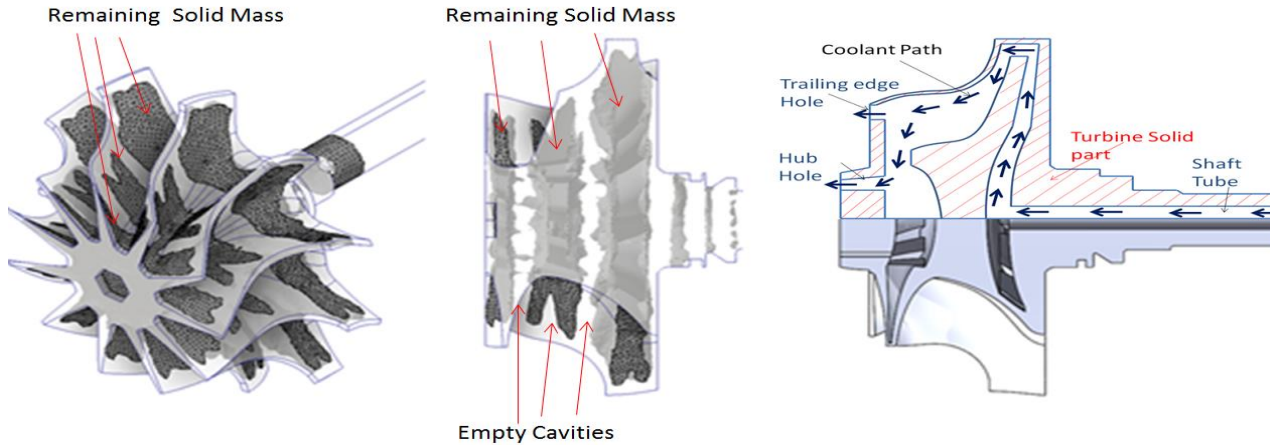


Conventional turbocharger baseline



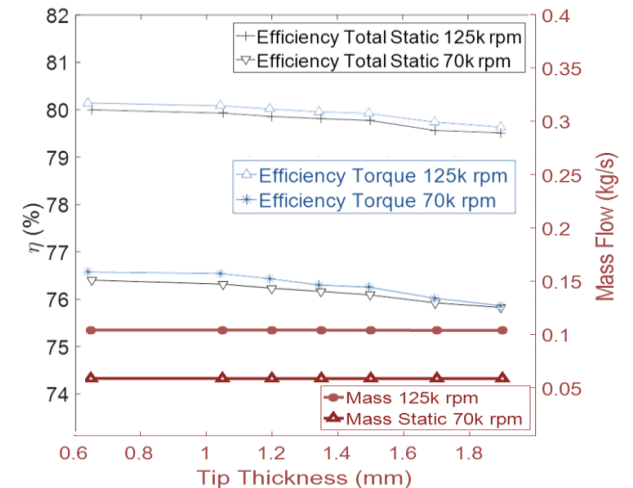
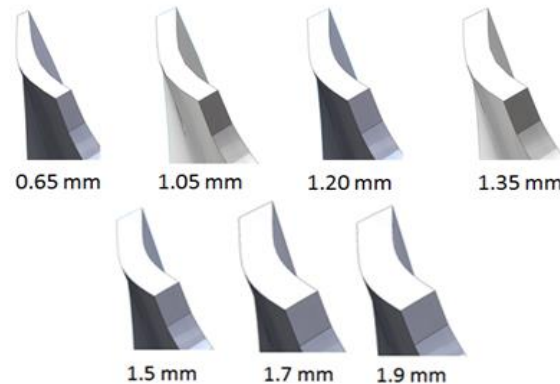
Cooled turbine prototype setup

Design

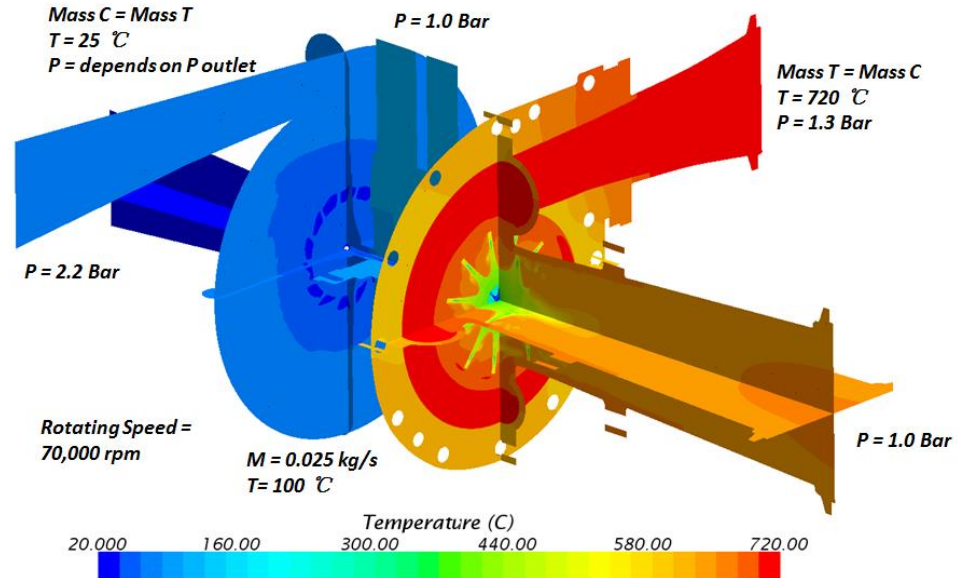
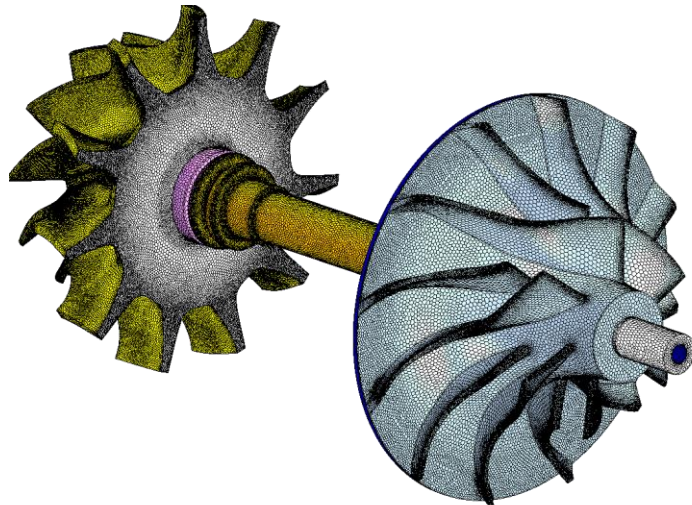
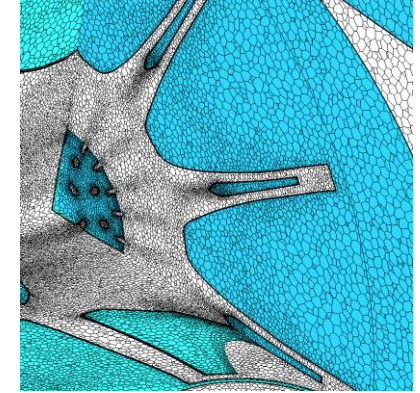
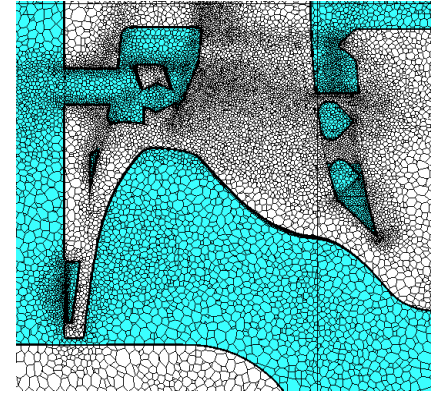
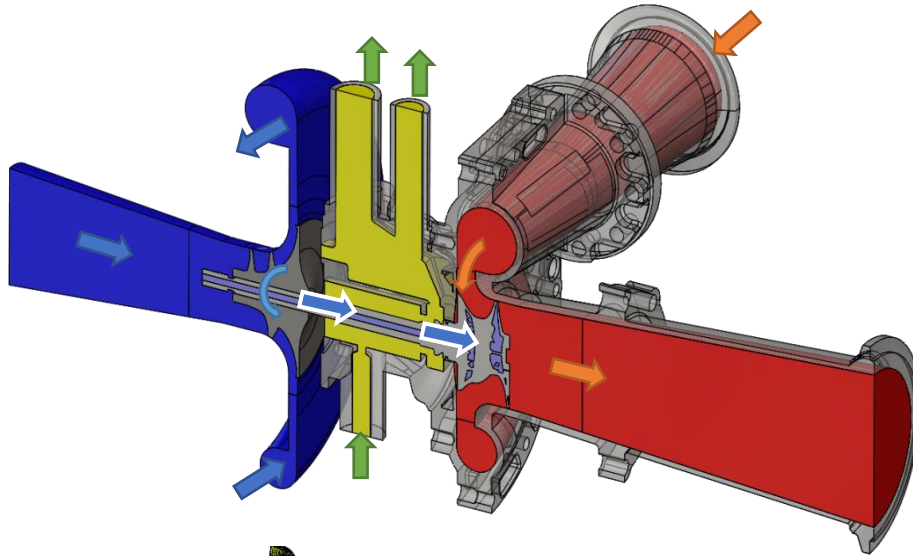


- Topology optimisation carried out
- Coolant system added

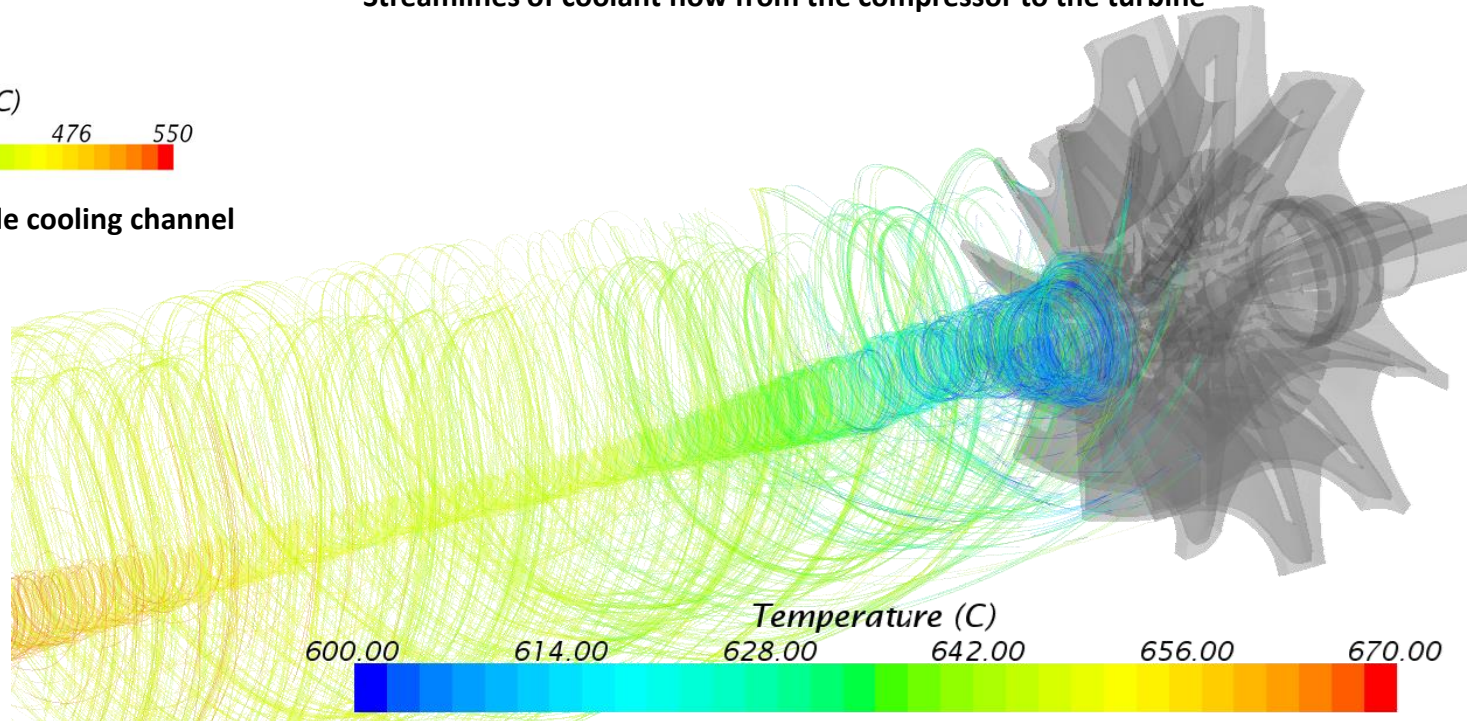
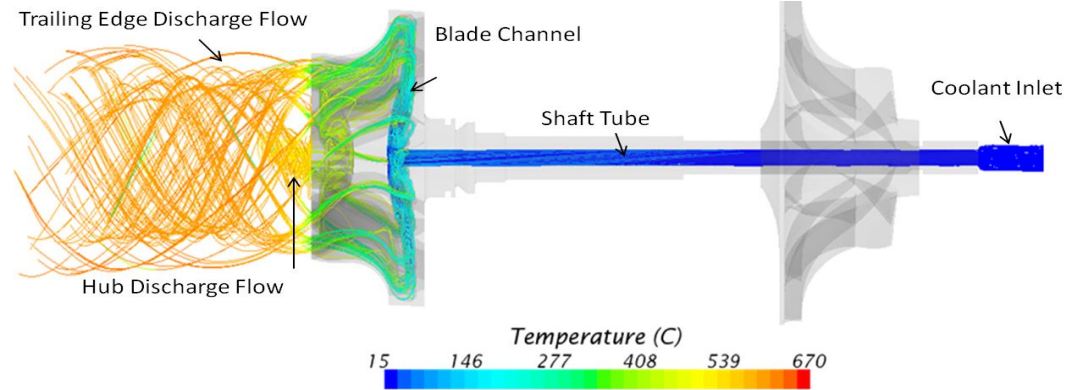
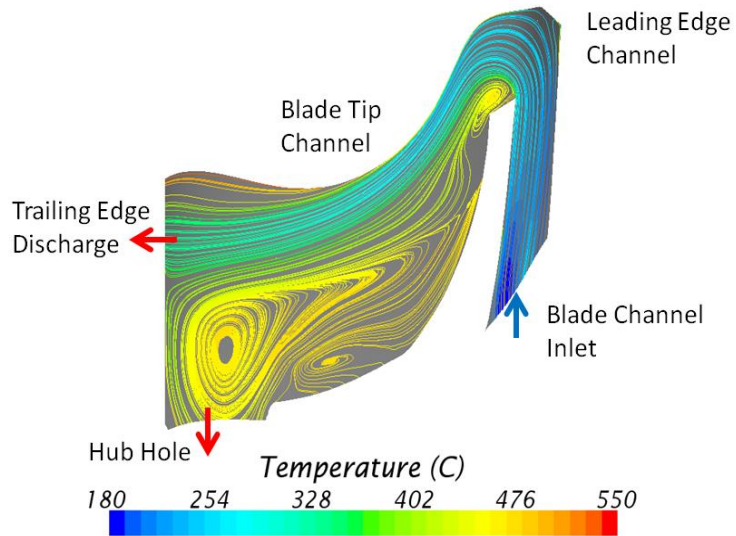
- Design for AM adaptations made
- Blade thickness sensitivity study carried out to assess impact – deemed minimal



Analysis Setup



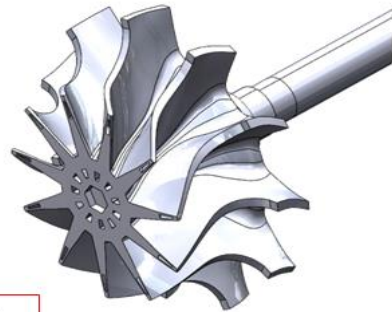
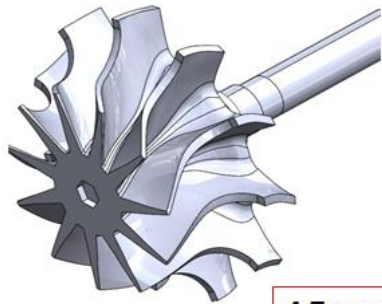
Analysis Results



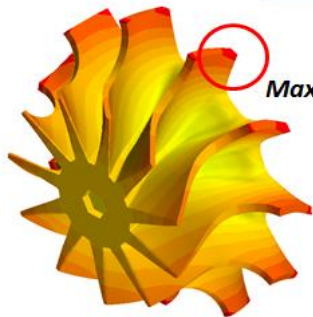
Analysis Results

Baseline Solid Wheel

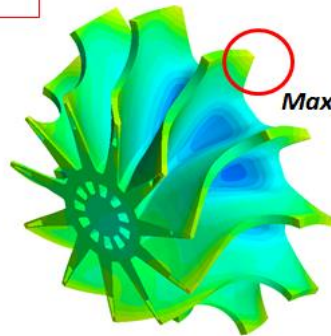
Cooled Hollow Turbine



Δ Temperature: - 114 °C



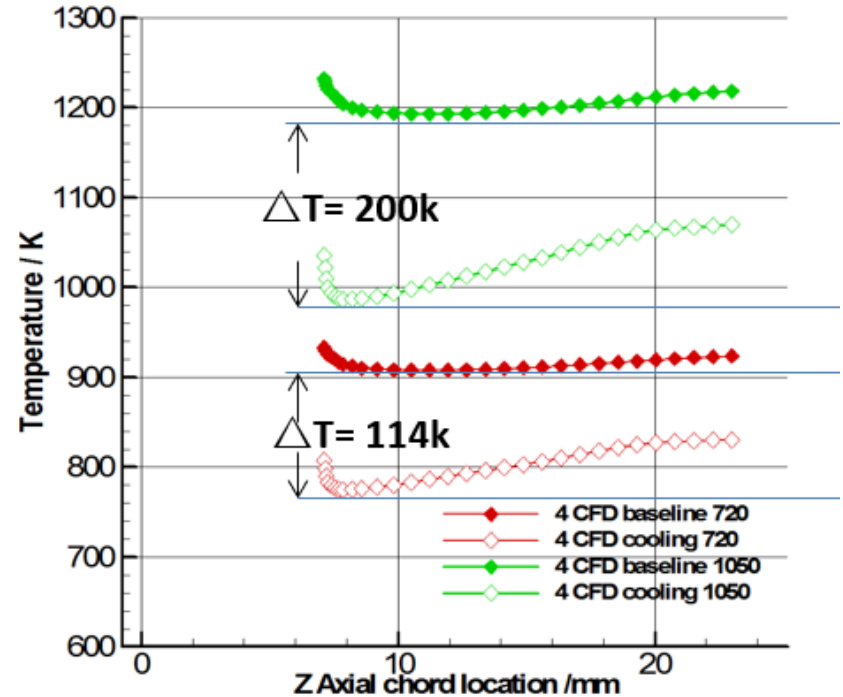
Max T: 657 °C



Max T: 543 °C



At 720C TIT (gas stand limit)

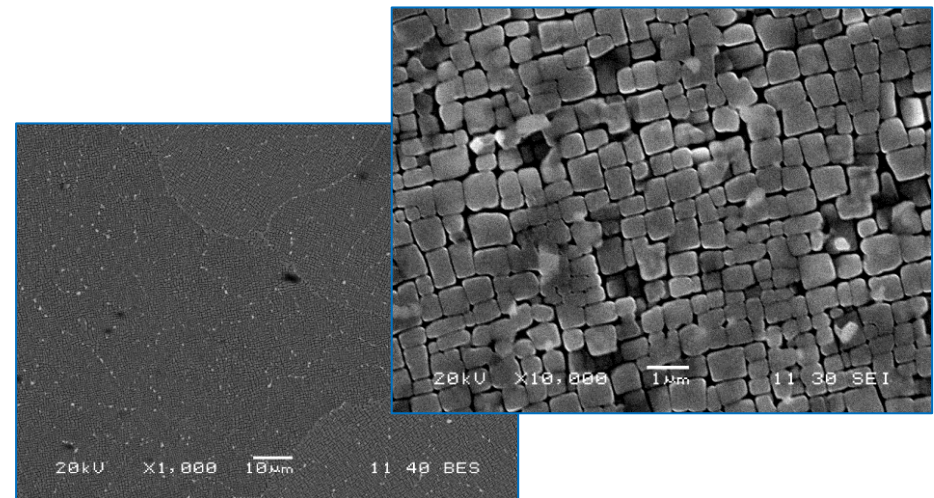
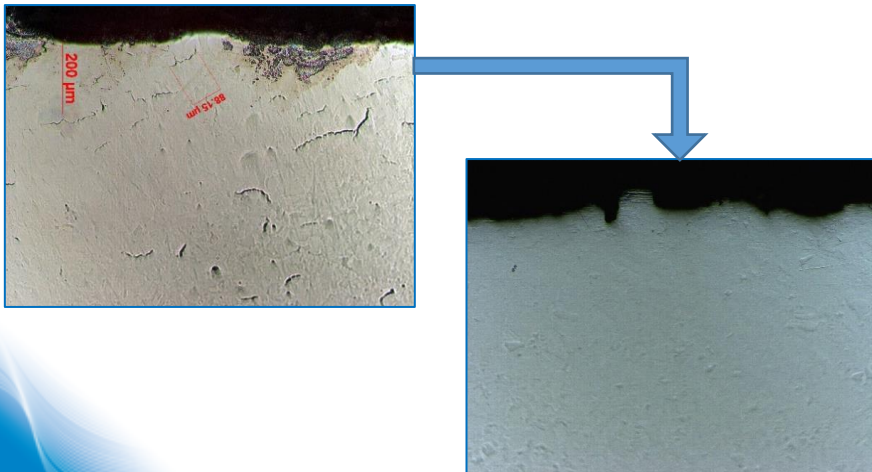


Predicting temp reduction of ~100C at 720C TIT, ~200C at 1050C TIT

Material Development

- ① CM247LC chosen
 - ① High Gamma Prime nickel superalloy
 - ① High strength at temperature, but deemed “unweldable”!
- ① Process parameters & heat treatment developed
 - ① DoE & Machine Learning utilised
- ① Material Properties generated

HIP cycle used to close up micro-cracking

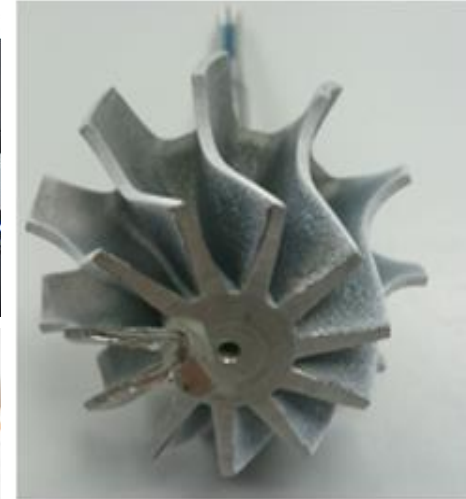
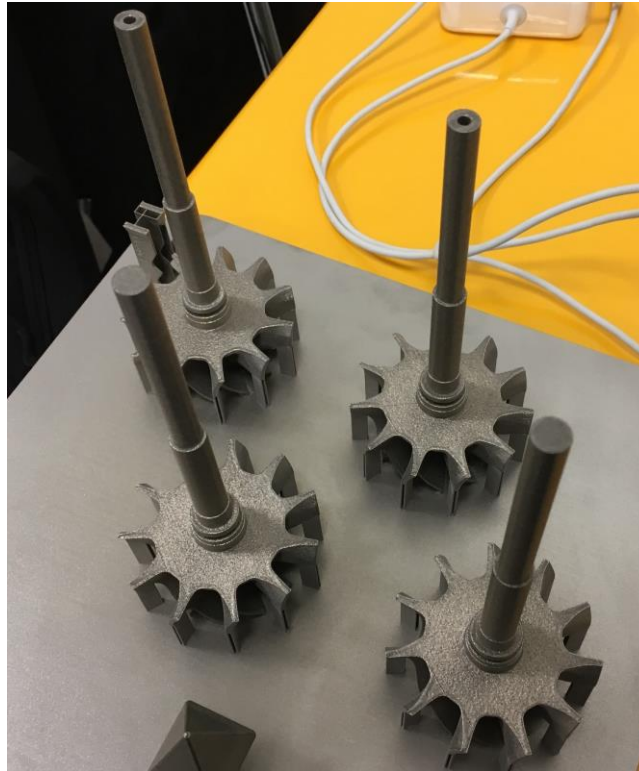


Solution treat & Age used to improve microstructure

Manufacture

- ④ Wheels manufactured with shaft as one piece
- ④ QA & HT & EDM
- ④ Post machining & balancing carried out
- ④ Thermal history paint applied

Build Direction

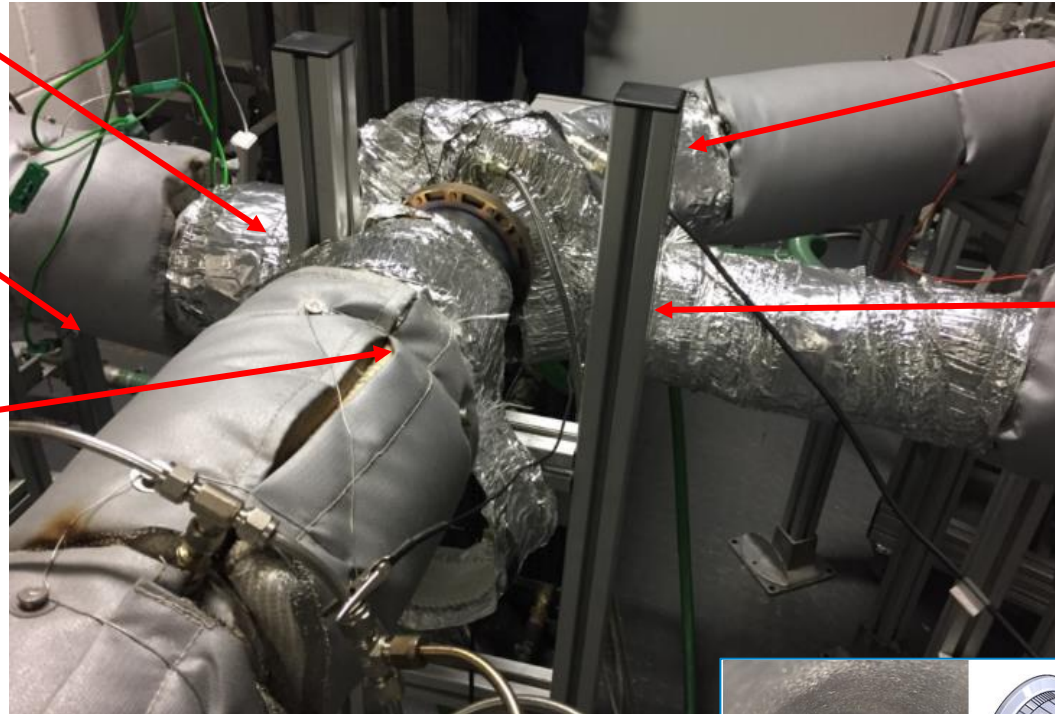


Test

Turbine Inlet
(Temperature/Pressure)

Measure
Turbine/Compressor
RPM, Mass flow

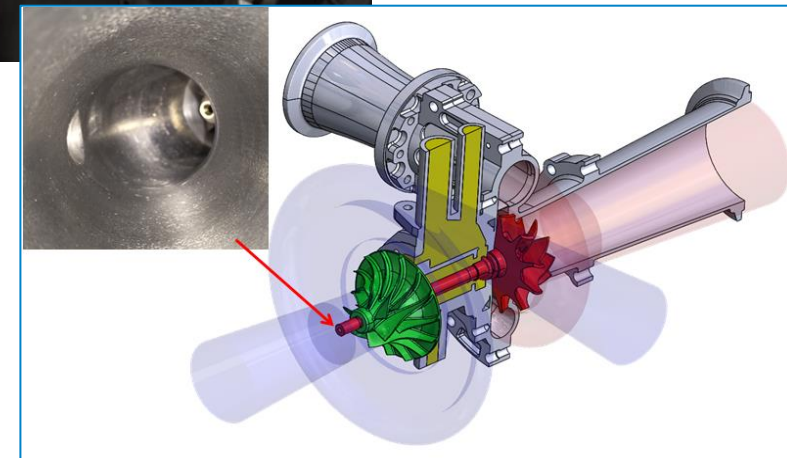
Turbine Exit
(Temperature/Pressure)



Compressor Inlet
(Temperature/Pressure)

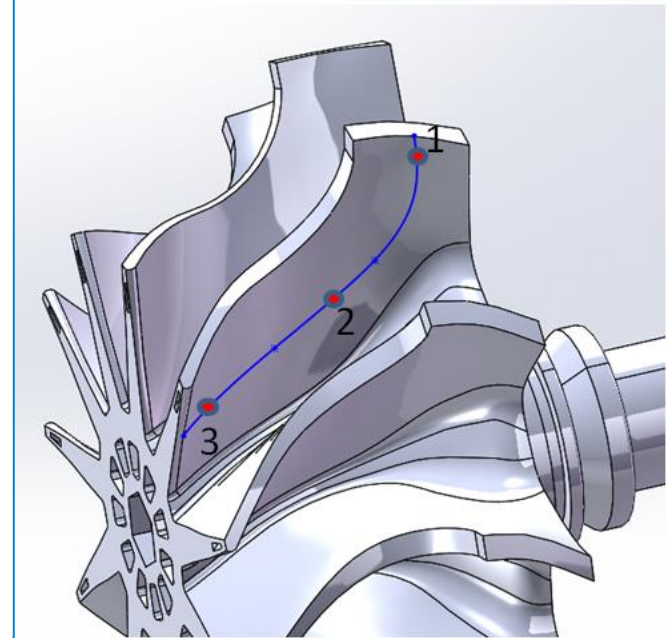
Compressor Exit
(Temperature/Pressure)

- ① Measure maximum metal Temperature
- ① Compare solid vs cooled wheels
- ① Monitor impact on efficiency

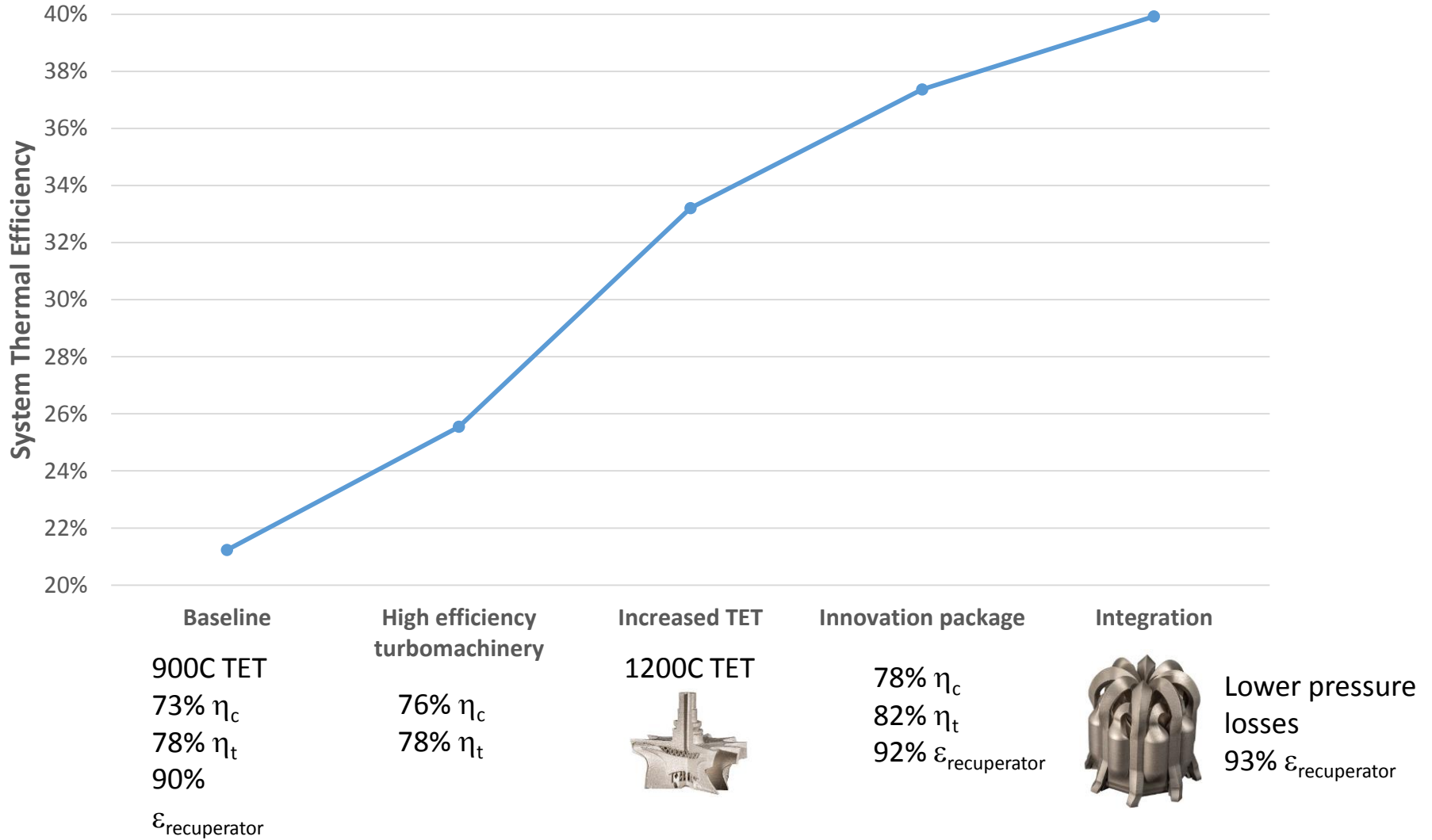


Results

		Position 1	Position 2	Position 3
Test @ 720C TIT	Solid wheel	609	582	581
	Cooled wheel	548	503	505
	Difference	61	79	76
CFD @ 720C TIT	Solid wheel	650	627	625
	Cooled wheel	537	502	526
	Difference	113	125	99
CFD prediction @ 1050C TIT	Solid wheel	945	920	950
	Cooled wheel	750	740	790
	Difference	195	180	160
CFD prediction @ 1200C TIT	Solid wheel	1100	1035	1090
	Cooled wheel	885	810	880
	Difference	200	220	200



The Bigger Picture...

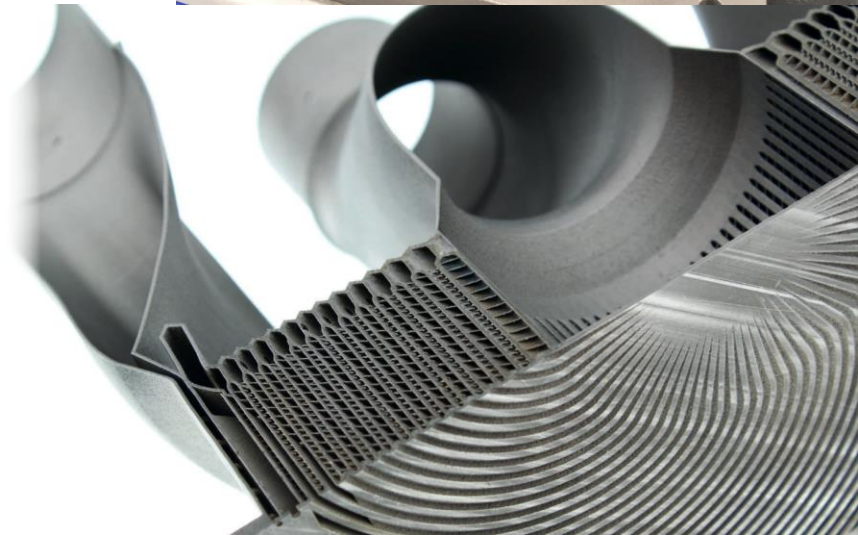
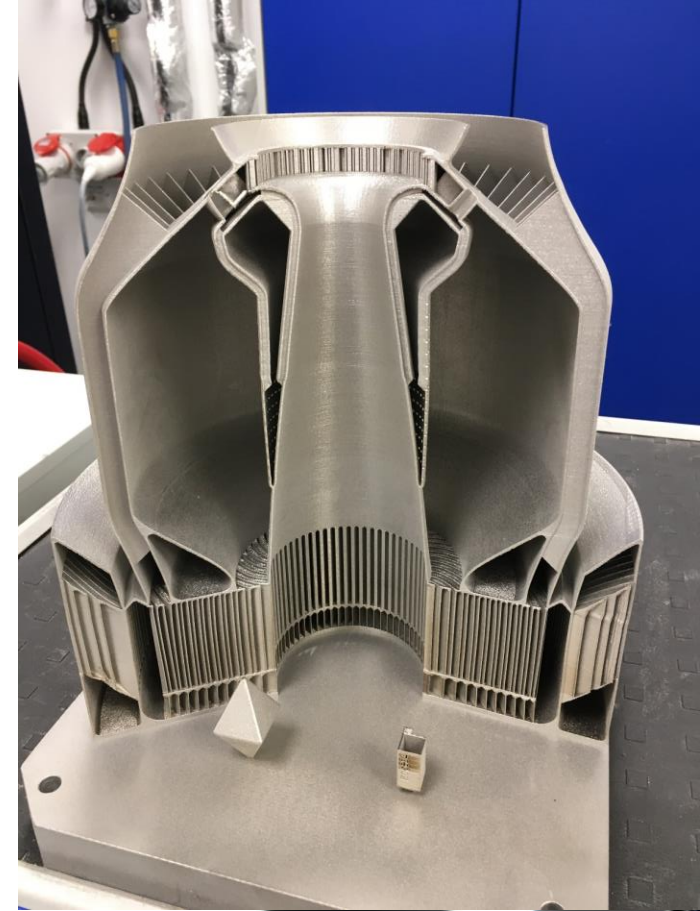


Conclusions

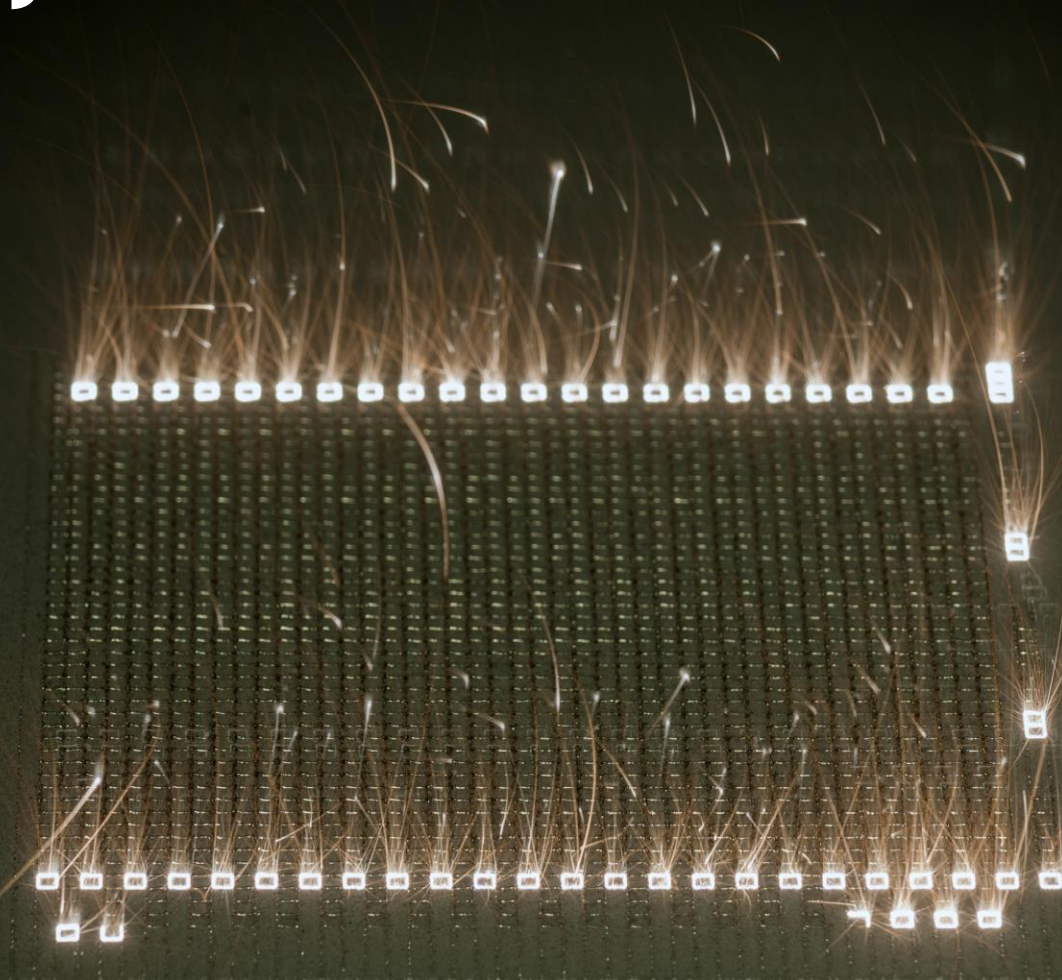
- Shown 1200C TIT technically feasible
- Up to 40% (1-50kWe) MGT are possible & are coming...

What Next:

- Currently applying technology commercially
- Looking for development partners...



Thank you!



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